IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Previously presented) A composition suitable for administering a therapeutic dose of a corticosteroid to the respiratory tract, consisting of:

- (a) from about 5 µg/ml to about 5 mg/ml of a corticosteroid in dissolved form;
- (b) from about 0.1 to about 20 percent by weight of a pharmaceutically acceptable, high-HLB surfactant component, wherein the HLB of the surfactants present in the high-HLB surfactant component is greater than about 10, and wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% by weight of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E, wherein said ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E is the sole vitamin E component of the composition; and
 - (c) at least about 70 weight percent aqueous phase.
- 2. to 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the corticosteroid comprises beclomethasone dipropionate.
- 6. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the corticosteroid comprises budesonide.
- 7. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the corticosteroid comprises triamcinolone acetonide.
- 8. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the corticosteroid comprises fluticasone propionate.
- 9. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the corticosteroid comprises flunisolide.
- 10. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.
- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Canceled)

13. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 15 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 75% by weight of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E.

- 14. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 15 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 90% by weight of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E.
- 15. (Previously presented) A composition suitable for administering a therapeutic dose of a corticosteroid to the respiratory tract, consisting of:
 - (a) from about 5 µg/ml to about 5 mg/ml of a corticosteroid in dissolved form;
- (b) from about 0.1 to about 20 percent by weight of a high-HLB surfactant component wherein the HLB of the surfactants present in the high-HLB surfactant component is greater than about 10, and wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% by weight of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E, wherein said ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E is the sole vitamin E component of the composition;
 - (c) at least about 70 weight percent aqueous phase; and
- (d) from about 0.1 to about 20 percent by weight of a pharmaceutically acceptable cosolvent comprising propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol having a molecular weight between about 200 and 4000, glycerol, ethoxydiglycol, glycofurol, and ethanol, or a combination thereof.
- 16. (Previously presented) A composition suitable for administering a therapeutic dose of a corticosteroid to the respiratory tract, consisting of:
 - (a) from about 5 µg/ml to about 5 mg/ml of a corticosteroid in dissolved form;
- (b) from about 0.1 to about 20 percent by weight of a high-HLB surfactant component wherein the HLB of the surfactants present in the high-HLB surfactant component is greater than about 10, and wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% by weight of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E, wherein said ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E is the sole vitamin E component of the composition;
 - (c) at least about 70 weight percent aqueous phase; and
- (d) from about 0.1 to about 3 percent by weight of a low HLB surfactant having an HLB below about 8.

17. (Previously presented) A composition suitable for administering a therapeutic dose of a corticosteroid to the respiratory tract, consisting of:

- (a) from about 5 μg/ml to about 5 mg/ml of a corticosteroid in dissolved form;
- (b) from about 0.1 to about 20 percent by weight of a high-HLB surfactant component wherein the HLB of the surfactants present in the high-HLB surfactant component is greater than about 10, and wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% by weight of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E, wherein said ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E is the sole vitamin E component of the composition;
 - (c) at least about 70 weight percent aqueous phase; and
 - (d) from about 0.1 to about 3 percent by weight of an oil.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method for administering a therapeutic dosage of a corticosteroid to the respiratory tract, comprising:
 - (a) providing a corticosteroid composition comprising:
 - (1) from about 5 μ g/ml to about 5 μ g/ml of a corticosteroid in dissolved form;
 - (2) from about 0.1 to about 20 percent by weight of a high-HLB surfactant component wherein the HLB of the surfactants present in the high-HLB surfactant component is greater than about 10, and wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% by weight of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E; and
 - (3) at least about 70 weight percent aqueous phase;
 - (b) aerosolizing the corticosteroid composition; and
- (c) administering a therapeutic effective dosage of the aerosol of the corticosteroid composition by inhalation.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18 wherein the corticosteroid composition consists essentially of said corticosteroid, said aqueous phase, and said high-HLB surfactant.
- 20. (Withdrawn) A method for administering a therapeutic dosage of a corticosteroid to the nasal passage, comprising:
 - (a) providing a corticosteroid composition comprising:

(1) from about 50 ug/ml to about 10 mg/ml of a corticosteroid in dissolved form;

- (2) from about 0.1 to about 20 percent by weight of a high-HLB surfactant component wherein the HLB of the surfactants present in the high-HLB surfactant component is greater than about 10, and wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E;
 - (3) at least about 70 weight percent aqueous phase;
- (b) administering a therapeutic effective dosage of the corticosteroid composition by nasal inhalation.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A method of preparing a diluted corticosteroid composition containing the corticosteroid in dissolved form, comprising:
- (a) dissolving a corticosteroid compound into a molten pharmaceutically acceptable high-HLB surfactant component, wherein the HLB of the surfactants present in the high-HLB surfactant component is greater than about 10, and wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 50% of an ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E;
- (b) subsequently blending the molten high-HLB surfactant component containing the dissolved corticosteroid with an aqueous phase, wherein the aqueous phase is present in an amount of at least about 70 weight percent, and the high-HLB surfactant component is present in an amount of from about 0.1 to about 20 weight percent of the diluted corticosteroid composition.
- 22. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E comprises at least 75% by weight of the high-HLB surfactant component.
- 23. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E comprises at least 90% by weight of the high-HLB surfactant component.
- 24. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 75% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.

25. (Previously presented) The composition of claim 1 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 90% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.

- 26. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 15 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 75% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The composition of claim 15 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 90% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18 wherein the ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E comprises at least 75% by weight of the high-HLB surfactant component.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 75% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20 wherein the ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E comprises at least 75% by weight of the high-HLB surfactant component.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 75% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21 wherein the ethoxylated derivative of vitamin E comprises at least 75% by weight of the high-HLB surfactant component.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 21 wherein the high-HLB surfactant component comprises at least 75% by weight tocopheryl polyethylene glycol 1000 succinate.